- (3) Parts of several national entities combined into an area; or
- (4) A group of national entities (countries) combined into a single area.

Region of origin. The region in which the embryo is conceived and collected and from which the embryo is imported into the United States.

Ruminant. All animals which chew the cud, including cattle, buffaloes, camelids, cervids (deer, elk, moose, and antelope), sheep, goats, and giraffes.

Swine. The domestic hog and all varieties of wild hogs.

United States. All of the States of the United States, the District of Columbia, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands of the United States, and all other territories and possessions of the United States.

[56 FR 55809, Oct. 30, 1991, as amended at 61 FR 15183, Apr. 5, 1996; 62 FR 56025, Oct. 28, 1997; 78 FR 73008, Dec. 4, 2013]

§98.12 General prohibitions.

- (a) Ruminant and swine embryos may not be imported from regions where rinderpest or foot-and-mouth disease exists except in accordance with this subpart.
- (b) Ruminant and swine embryos may not be imported into the United States from any region other than the region in which they were conceived and collected.

[56 FR 55809, Oct. 30, 1991, as amended at 61 FR 15183, Apr. 5, 1996; 62 FR 56025, Oct. 28,

§98.13 Import permit.

- (a) Ruminant and swine embryos and all test samples required by this subpart may be imported into the United States from regions where foot-andmouth disease or rinderpest exists only if accompanied by import permits issued by the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS).
- (b) An application for the import permits must be submitted to the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Veterinary Services, National Center for Import-Export, 4700 River Road Unit 38, Riverdale, Maryland 20737-1231. Application forms also may be obtained at this same address. The application for a permit to import embryos will also serve as the application for a

permit to import test samples for those embryos; separate applications are not required. The application must include the following information:

- (1) The name and address of the exporter:
- (2) The name and address of the importer;
- (3) The name and address of the place where the donor dam will be bred and where the embryo(s) will be collected;
- (4) The species, breed, and number of embryos to be imported;
 - (5) The purpose of the importation;
 - (6) The port of embarkation;
 - (7) The mode of transportation;
 - (8) The route of travel;
- (9) The port of entry in the United States;
- (10) The proposed date of arrival in the United States; and
- (11) The name and address of the person to whom the embryos will be delivered in the United States.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579-0040)

[56 FR 55809, Oct. 30, 1991, as amended at 59 FR 67616, Dec. 30, 1994; 61 FR 15183, Apr. 5, 1996; 62 FR 56025, Oct. 28, 1997]

§98.14 Health certificate.

- (a) Ruminant and swine embryos shall not be imported into the United States unless they are accompanied by a certificate issued by a full-time salaried veterinary officer of the national government of the region of origin, or issued by a veterinarian designated or accredited by the national government of the region of origin and endorsed by a full-time salaried veterinary officer of the national government of the region of origin, representing that the veterinarian issuing the certificate was authorized to do so.
 - (b) The health certificate must state: (1) The name and address of the place
- where the embryos were collected:
- (2) The name and address of the vetrinarian who collected the embryos; (3) The date of embryo collection:
- (4) The identification and breed of the donor dam and donor sire;
- (5) The number of ampules or straws covered by the health certificate and the identification number or code on each ampule or straw;
- (6) The dates, types, and results of all examinations and tests performed on

§ 98.15

the donor dam and donor sire as a condition for importing the embryos;

- (7) The dates and results of all tests performed on unfertilized eggs, nontransferrable embryos, and embryo collection and wash fluids;
- (8) The names and addresses of the consignor and consignee;
- (9) That the embryos are being imported into the United States in accordance with subpart B of 9 CFR part 98.
- (c) If any of the information required by paragraph (b) of this section is provided in code, deciphering information must be attached to the health certificate.
- (d) The health certificate accompanying sheep or goat embryos intended for importation from any part of the world shall, in addition to the statements required by paragraph (b) of this section, state that:
- (1) The embryos' sire and dam have not been in any flock or herd nor had contact with sheep or goats which have been in any flock or herd where scrapie has been diagnosed or suspected during the 5 years prior to the date of collection of the embryos:
- (2) The embryos' sire and dam showed no evidence of scrapie at the time the embryos were collected;
- (3) Scrapie has not been suspected nor confirmed in any progeny of the embryos' donor dam; and
- (4) The parents of the embryos' sire and dam are not, nor were not, affected with scrapie.
- (e) There must be a separate health certificate for each collection of embryos

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579-0040)

 $[56\ {\rm FR}\ 55809,\ {\rm Oct.}\ 30,\ 1991,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 61\ {\rm FR}\ 15183,\ {\rm Apr.}\ 5,\ 1996;\ 61\ {\rm FR}\ 17242,\ {\rm Apr.}\ 19,\ 1996;\ 62\ {\rm FR}\ 56025,\ {\rm Oct.}\ 28,\ 1997]$

$\S 98.15$ Health requirements.

Ruminant and swine embryos may be imported from a region where rinderpest or foot-and-mouth disease exists only if all of the following conditions are met:

(a) The donor dam is determined to be free of communicable diseases based on tests, examinations, and other requirements, as follows, except that, with regard to bovine spongiform encephalopathy, the following does not apply to bovines, cervids, or camelids.

- (1) During the year before embryo collection, no case of the following diseases occurred in the embryo collection unit or in any herd in which the donor dam was present:
- (i) Ruminant: Bovine spongiform encephalopathy, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, foot-and-mouth disease, Rift Valley fever, rinderpest, or vesicular stomatitis; or
- (ii) Swine: African swine fever, footand-mouth disease, classical swine fever, pseudorabies, rinderpest, swine vesicular disease, or vesicular stomatitis.
- (2) During the year before embryo collection, no case of the following diseases occurred within 5 kilometers of the embryo collection unit or in any herd in which the donor dam was present:
- (i) Ruminant: Bovine spongiform encephalopathy, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, foot-and-mouth disease, Rift Valley fever, rinderpest, or vesicular stomatitis; or
- (ii) Swine: African swine fever, footand-mouth disease, classical swine fever, pseudorabies, rinderpest, swine vesicular disease, or vesicular stomatitis.
- (3) During the 60 days before embryo collection, the donor dam did not receive a vaccination for either rinderpest or foot-and-mouth disease.
- (4) During the 60 days before the donor dam was required to be in the embryo collection unit, in accordance with §98.17(a) of this subpart, the donor dam remained in the same herd, and no ruminants or swine were added to that herd.
- (5)(i) On the day of embryo collection, and again not less than 30 days nor more than 120 days afterward, one sample of at least 10 ml of serum was collected from the donor dam, frozen, and sent to the Foreign Animal Disease Diagnostic Laboratory for testing.
- (ii) The donor dam was determined to be free of foot-and-mouth disease based upon tests of the pair of serum samples. In addition, if any of the following diseases exist in the region of origin, the donor dam was determined to be free of these diseases based upon additional tests of the serum samples: